





### Global Scientific Cooperation builds bridges between Nations

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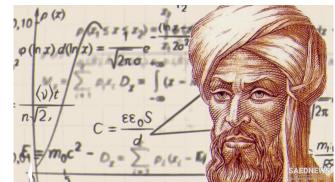
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#### Islamic Golden Era (8th –14th centuries)

- Muslim world embraced Science as a state's defining policy, ushering in a golden age of the Muslim civilization.
  - An avid movement of translation and studying of ancient books, including advancing new knowledge ensued on an unprecedented scale.
  - Muslim scholars scored achievements in each field of Science: mathematics, physics, astronomy, medicine, optics, philosophy, sociology, etc.
- In that Era, Muslim's Leaders encouraged learning and the use of reason to investigate and explore nature.

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#### **Gathering Nations though Science Revolution**

- The scientific revolution in Europe (16th& 17th centuries) laid the foundations for today's Science
- This revolution was built upon the foundation of the Arabic-Islamic Sciences and Greek
  Muslim scholars studied Greek writings and advanced new knowledge
  - The Arabic versions were translated into Latin, which were read in Europe
- This endeavor preserved ancient knowledge and spread interest in Science to Europe.
  - In the early stage of the European scientific revolution the Islamic Sciences played a pivotal and catalytic role.







• developments in mathematics, physics, astronomy, biology, chemistry, etc, transformed Societal views about nature.



## Islamic Golden Age Legacy

- The real pride from the Muslim Golden Era legacy is the ambition for seeking knowledge and investigating nature, which are the power for inspiration.
  - Reforming and transforming the current Scientific Research and Higher Education in the Islamic region, require a serious engagement in producing a long-term strategy with effective implementation
- This is essential to revive the Islamic Golden Era and take place as a co-leader in the Global Scientific process.
  - Adoption of Science by the states,
  - Encouragement of free Scientific inquiry,
  - Promotion efforts to popularize Science among people,
  - •
- No doubt that Physics has laid the foundation for enormous transforming technologies over the last two centuries.
- Society will increasingly depend on Physics to solve its problems





# **Global Society & Science**

- The role of Science: innovate, discover, publish and share within a trustable communities to compete and collaborate.
  - Science contributes significantly to the production of knowledge.
- To ensure a sustainable development and achieve a global well-being of the present and future generations,
  - Cooperative rivalry could only developed in a fostering manner, through innovation and creative productivity among people from different Cultures and Nations.
- The global Society needs to act together with unity and renewed multilateralism to create an enabling global environment free of structural.





# **Global Cooperation & Science**

- The role of the International Cooperation is to:
  - develop, strengthen and maintain institutional relations with the competent authorities of different Nations.
    - ensuring coherence of the agency's support to those authorities, in close cooperation with the relevant internal and external stakeholders.
- The culturally-dominant view of the Global Leaders is that scientific collaboration is essential to tackle imminent threats such as climate change, where Physics plays a central role.
- Creating international linkages in Science and Technology can benefit many of the involved parties;
  - Political and Scientific benefits are often intertwined





### **Global Cooperation & Science**

- In the realm of Science, and in the context of International Scientific Research, Global Cooperation offers successful modes for peaceful Cooperation.
  - People coherently working together towards common goals by sharing knowledge, learning and building consensus.
- Humankind is able to achieve that unity though Science cooperation.
- Nowadays, inclusive cooperation is needed more than ever, including developed, emerging and developing countries.
- We must act to exploit all potential synergies.
  - Come together bringing the best brains from all regions of the world for the benefit of a sustainable Society.
- The European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN) is an amazed place for such Global Cooperation.





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#### **CERN vision. mission & values**

- The CERN convention established in 1954 laid down the main missions for CERN- European intergovernmental organization, globally used an infrastructure be owned by all its member states.
- Vision: Collaboration among Nations through Science is the basis of a peaceful cooperation and stands at the forefront of Science independent of National and Cultural frontiers.

#### • Mission and Values

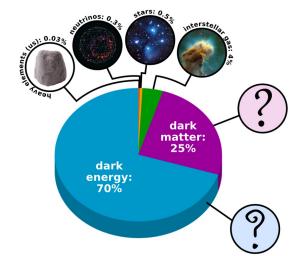
- **Research**: Pushing back the limits of knowledge and expands our understanding of natural and social phenomena
  - Seeking and finding answers to questions about the Universe
- Technology: Advancing the frontiers of Technology
- **Collaborating**: Bringing Nations together through Science
- Education: Training the Scientists of tomorrow
  - Adding value through partnerships and working together

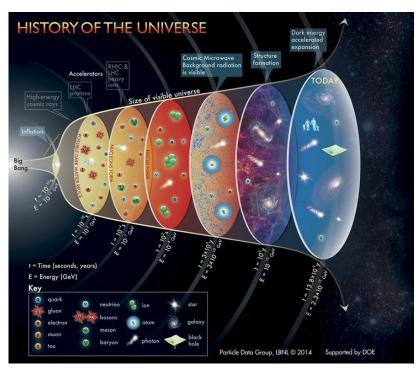




#### **Fundamental Science at CERN**

- Particle Physics aims to understand how the Universe works at its most fundamental level:
  - Discover the elementary constituents of matter and energy
  - Probe the interactions between them
  - Explore the basic nature of space-time
- Particle Physics carries its role out by:
  - Building projects that enable discovery Science,
  - Operating facilities that provide the capability for discoveries,
  - Supporting a research program that produces discovery Science

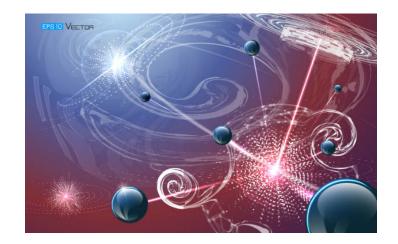






#### **Fundamental Science at CERN**

- Building the Giant particle accelerator require years of collisions to gather enough data to properly study a particle.
- **Theory** provides the mathematical and phenomenological framework to understand and extend our knowledge of elementary particles, forces and the nature of space-time.
  - Theory program is necessary to support current experiments and identify new directions for Particle Physics.
  - Theoretical research is critical for proper interpretation and understanding of the experimental research activities.
- **Computing** plays an essential role in Particle Physics
  - Advanced computing tools are important for designing, operating and interpreting experiments and simulations.







#### **Tools: New Era in Fundamental Science at CERN**

The Large Hadron Collider (LHC)

LHC is the largest and most powerful particle accelerator ever built.

LHC ring: 27 km circumference

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### **ATLAS Collaboration: a Global community**

#### ATLAS Collaboration

181 institutions (247 institutes) from 42 countries



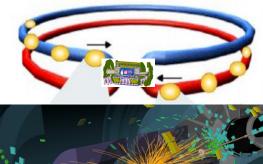
247 Universities and Labs





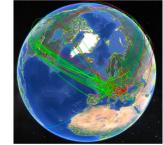


# How Particle Physicists process Big Data?



- Bunches of protons at the LHC collide 40 million times per second
- Each bunch collision leads to 50 or more individual proton-proton collisions
  - About one PetaByte (10<sup>15</sup> bytes) of data per second generated by the LHC detectors
    - Up to 60 PB/year and per experiment of stored data
- Enormous challenge for the detectors and for data collection, storage and analysis
- Huge data volume and a Global collaboration
  - The statistical nature of LHC data analysis and the complexity of the algorithms
- Big Data for Big Science need to be distributed across the globe
- It was clear that no Center could provide ALL computing even for one LHC experiment
- The Worldwide LHC Computing Grid (WLCG) infrastructure was developed for this end.
- Highly successful software and computing systems, including Network.
- WLCG Performed flawlessly for about 10 years





### WLCG for Big Data & Big Science

# A key tool for physics

The most sophisticated datataking & analysis system ever built for science, providing near real-time access to LHC data.

#### Enabling discovery

WLCG computing enabled physicists to announce the discovery of the Higgs Boson on 4 July 2012. WLCG provides seamless access to computing power and data storage capacity distributed over the Globe.
The resources available and integrate into a single infrastructure accessible by all LHC community,
No matter where they are!







# Global collaboration

42 countries 170 computing centres Over 1 million computer cores 2 exabytes of storage

#### Seamless access

Computing resources which include data storage capacity, processing power, sensors, visualization tools and more.

# Muslim World & Global Science

- Today, Muslim world is still modestly contributing to the Global Science process.
- Nostalgia is powerful -to revive the Muslim Science Age the contributions to science and knowledge need to be re-addressed.
  - Learned lessons, values and legacy from Muslin Golden Era needs to be fostered.
- The awareness of the Global nature of Big Scientific challenges is necessary, as well as integrating the Global Science Cooperation.
- The role of Science in leading national development and supporting socio-economic needs must be enabled.



In the House of Wisdom, Muslims studied, taught and improved upon the sciences of other civilizations





# Muslim wold & global Science

• The challenge is great to deal with the scientific and technological gap participation of the Islamic world.

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- Engage Islamic Policymakers on the directions that impact Muslim world development and show how it is imperative to develop science to effectively confront the major challenges.
  - Build scientific and cultural bridges between the Muslim world and the rest of the Globe
  - Encourage research collaboration among researchers in the Islamic region and Globally
  - Foster cooperation between peoples to achieve the broad range of scientific research
  - Invest more serious efforts to help and create the conditions for which science can prosper





I Hope that I have convinced you that Global Scientific Cooperation can builds bridges between Nations

# Hope is not a dream but a way of making dreams become reality and bring the world all together!

كامادة Gracias Criacибо Merci Takk Köszönjük Terima kasih Grazie Dziękujemy Dekojame Ďakujeme Vielen Dank Paldies Kiitos Täname teid 谢谢 Thank You Tak 感謝您 Obrigado Teşekkür Ederiz ப்பு ப்பு Saç Euxapiotoúµ Bedankt Děkujeme vám கりがとうございます Tack

F. Fassi (Mohammed V University in Rabat)